Electronics Engineering Technology – 2022-23 Assessment Report

Naga Korivi

Electrical Engineering & Renewable Energy Department Fall 2023

Contents

1	Introduction	3
	1.1 Background	3
	1.2 Program Location	3
	1.3 Program History	3
	1.4 Program Constituencies and Industry Relationships	4
	1.5 Program Enrollment and Salary Data	5
2	Program Mission, Educational Objectives, and Outcomes	5
	2.1 Program Mission	5
	2.2 Program Educational Objectives	5
	2.3 Relationship Between Program Educational Objectives and Institutional Mis-	
	sion Statement	6
	2.4 Program Student Outcomes	6
	2.5 Relationship between PEOs and SOs	7
	2.6 Process for Establishment and Revision of PEOs and SOs	7
	2.7 Institutional Assessment	8
	2.8 Relationship between programmatic SOs and institutional ISLOs	9
	2.9 Mapping of BSEET Curriculum to SOs and ISLOs	10
3	·	13
	3.1 Introduction, Methodology, and the Assessment Plan	
	3.2 ISLO Assessment Cycle	15
4	Assessment Data	16
	4.1 Direct Assessment	16
	4.2 Indirect Assessment	16
	4.3 Degree Completion, Retention and Equity Data	17
5	Continuous Improvement	19
-	5.1 Summary of Assessment Results	19
	5.2 Evaluation of Results and Proposed Changes	22
Δ	Rubrics for direct assessment	25

1 Introduction

1.1 Background

The BS Electronics Engineering Technology (BSEET) program is offered by the Electrical Engineering & Renewable Energy (EERE) department. The BSEET program is designed to prepare graduates to assume engineering and technology positions in the electronics industry. The engineering topics included in the BSEET program provide students with a strong foundation in the fundamental areas of electronics engineering, including circuits, analog electronics and solid state devices, digital circuits and systems, microcontrollers and embedded systems, linear systems and DSP, communication systems, and computer programming. To increase flexibility the program includes some technical elective courses. Engineering design is emphasized in most engineering courses. The broad education component of the program is provided through the general education curriculum, which includes courses in communication, humanities, social sciences, and management. This helps reinforce some of the program outcomes, such as effective communication with a range of audiences and functioning effectively on teams. The BSEET program culminates with a three-term capstone design project. This year-long project is intended to encompass a significant design experience incorporating appropriate engineering standards and multiple constraints, as well as using the knowledge and skills acquired in earlier coursework.

The BSEET degree is especially suited for working professionals with an associate's degree in Electronics Engineering Technology, Microelectronics Technology, or equivalent coursework. To meet the needs of working professionals, many courses are offered in the evenings and online. The program offers excellent transferability from numerous accredited Electronics Engineering Technology and related programs in Oregon (e.g., Portland Community College, Clackamas Community College, Chemeketa Community College, Columbia Gorge Community College, etc.). Students entering the BSEET program by transfer are requested to contact the EET Program Director concerning transfer of technical coursework, and it is recommended that students start the advising process with Oregon Tech right after they complete the first year of their A.A.S. degree. An accredited Associate of Applied Science (A.A.S.) degree in Electronics or Microelectronics and Calculus-level math is a perfect preparation to start our upper-division coursework. Alternatively, coursework on DC Circuit Analysis, AC Circuit Analysis, Combinational Logic (Digital Circuits), Sequential Logic (Digital Circuits), Semiconductor Devices, and other technical and general education courses provides adequate preparation.

1.2 Program Location

The BSEET program is located at the Oregon Tech Portland-Metro campus, which is an urban non-residential campus located in Wilsonville, on the south of the greater Portland metro area, 15 miles south of downtown Portland. The campus is situated in a wooded business park setting among several technology companies, and offers excellent access to internships and other technological collaborations with the Silicon Forest (as the semiconductor industry in the Portland metropolitan area is known).

1.3 Program History

The BSEET program at Oregon Tech was first accredited by ABET in 1970. The last two on-site ABET accreditation visits took place in Fall 2014 and Winter 2021.

The Oregon Institute of Technology has offered a Bachelor of Science in Electronics Engineering Technology (BSEET) degree since 1970. The EET program served a need in the state for many years and was successful and highly regarded. Since the 1990's industry needs began to shift more towards hiring graduates of full electrical engineering programs and the BSEET program started to experience significant enrollment declines. A department committee, in consultation with the industry advisory board, recommended that the program change from EET to EE in Klamath Falls, but continue as the BSEET program at OIT-Portland to continue serving degree completion students and working professionals with A.A.S. EET degrees. Once the decision to discontinue the BSEET program from Klamath Falls was made, the BSEET program underwent a major revision in order to optimize it to address the needs of working professionals and transfer students at OIT- Portland. These revisions were approved by the Curriculum Planning Commission (CPC) in 2008. In 2011, a decision was made by the department, in consultation with the industry advisory board, to enhance the upper division EET curriculum by converting some of the EET courses to traditional EE courses with a strong lab component. This change was implemented to better achieve the program educational objectives of preparing graduates to assume diverse roles in the engineering and engineering technology fields, as well as im- prove their access to graduate education. These changes were approved by the Curriculum Planning Commission (CPC) in 2011 and implemented in the 2011-12 academic year.

In Fall 2012 the Oregon Tech Portland-Metro (Wilsonville) campus opened as a result of the consolidation of the university's four Portland-Metro area sites. The BSEET courses are offered at the Portland-Metro (Wilsonville) campus and continue to accommodate professionals working in high-tech industry in the Portland-Metro area. The BSEET program also has strong relationships with industry, particularly through its program-level Industry Advisory Board and alumni from the EET program. These relationships support continuing partnerships with industry leaders to ensure that our program and classes are at the top of the board with adapting to new technology and preparing students for workforce demands.

1.4 Program Constituencies and Industry Relationships

To maintain a program that is current with the needs of industry and of sufficient technical rigor requires input from many different constituents. Some of the constituents are industrial and some academic. The various constituents that are used in the program assessment process include BSEET graduates and students, Industry Advisory Board (IAB) members, employers and faculty. Input from these constituents is gathered and reviewed in a periodic manner to ensure the PEOs remain aligned with the direction of industry, as well as the university's mission and resources.

The IAB provides advice and counsel to the EET program with respect to curriculum content, instructional resources, career guidance and placement activities, accreditation reviews, and professional-development assistance. In addition, each advisory-committee member serves as a vehicle for public relations information and potentially provides a point of contact for the development of specific opportunities with industry for students and faculty.

The IAB and the program faculty meet once or twice per year (typically Fall and Spring terms). At these meetings, faculty have an opportunity to provide updates on the state of

the department and its programs, as well as receive input and feedback from the IAB on any new departmental initiatives in light of the current industry trends and needs. The IAB periodically reviews the program PEOs and SOs to ensure they remain relevant and responsive to the needs of industry. Program changes are also reviewed by the IAB before implementation.

1.5 Program Enrollment and Salary Data

Table 1 presents program enrollment data from Fall 2018 to Fall 2022. Table 2 shows the number of BSEET degrees awarded over the same time span. The EET program has a reported degree success rate of 100% with a medium graduate salary of N/A (data set too small - less than five reported salaries) according to the latest data posted on Oregon Tech's Graduate Success webpage:

https://www.oit.edu/about/graduate-success

Table 1: BSEET enrollment in the last five academic years (headcount of both full and part-time students in week 4 of the Fall term)

2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023
18	20	17	15	19

Table 2: Number of BSEET degrees awarded for the last five academic years

2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023
1	2	3	3	3

2 Program Mission, Educational Objectives, and Outcomes

2.1 Program Mission

The mission of the EET Program is to provide a comprehensive program of instruction that will enable graduates to obtain the knowledge and skills necessary for immediate employment and continued advancement in the field of electronics. The department will be a leader in providing career ready candidates for various electronics technology fields. Faculty and students will engage in applied research in emerging technologies and provide professional services to their communities.

2.2 Program Educational Objectives

In support of this mission, the Program Educational Objectives (PEOs) for the BSEET program are:

1. The graduates of the program will possess a strong technical background as well as analytical and problem-solving skills, and will contribute in a variety of technical roles within the electronics and high-tech industry. Within three years of graduation,

BSEET graduates are expected to be employed as test engineers, characterization engineers, applications engineers, field engineers, hardware engineers, process engineers, and similar engineering technology positions within this industry.

- 2. The graduates of the program will be working as effective team members with excellent oral and written communication skills, assuming technical and managerial leadership roles throughout their career.
- 3. The graduates of the program will be committed to professional development and lifelong learning by engaging in professional and/or graduate education in order to stay current in their field and achieve continued professional growth.

2.3 Relationship Between Program Educational Objectives and Institutional Mission Statement

The Oregon Tech mission statement is as follows:

Oregon Institute of Technology ("Oregon Tech"), Oregon's public polytechnic university, offers innovative, professionally focused undergraduate and graduate degree programs in the areas of engineering, health, business, technology, and applied arts and sciences. To foster student and graduate success, the university provides a hands-on, project-based learning environment and emphasizes innovation, scholarship, and applied research. With a commitment to diversity and leadership development, Oregon Tech offers statewide educational opportunities and technical expertise to meet current and emerging needs of Oregonians as well as other national and international constituents.

The mission statement was approved by the Oregon Tech Board of Trustees on May 30, 2019 and reviewed by the Higher Education Coordinating Commission (HECC) on August 8, 2019.

The BSEET PEOs are in alignment with the university's mission. Specifically, PEO1 relates to graduates having a strong technical background as well as analytical and problem solving skills that will allow them to succeed within the electronics and high-tech industry. This links to the university's mission of offering "innovative, professionally focused undergraduate and graduate degree programs in the areas of engineering, health, business, technology, and applied arts and sciences."

PEO2 focuses on graduates being effective collaborators and communicators, assuming technical and managerial leadership roles throughout their careers. This is consistent with the university's mission to be committed to leadership development.

PEO3 has a focus on professional development and lifelong learning so that graduates will stay current in the evolving field of electrical engineering. These PEOs are in alignment with the university's mission to meet current and emerging needs.

2.4 Program Student Outcomes

The student outcomes (SOs) of the BSEET program correspond to the ABET ETAC (1)-(5) student outcomes. At the time of graduation, BSEET students must demonstrate:

1) (**Problem Solving**) an ability to apply knowledge, techniques, skills and modern tools of mathematics, science, engineering, and technology to solve broadly defined engineering problems appropriate to the discipline;

- 2) (**Design**) an ability to design systems, components, or processes meeting specified needs for broadly defined engineering problems appropriate to the discipline;
- 3) (Communication) an ability to apply written, oral, and graphical communication in broadly defined technical and non-technical environments; and an ability to identify and use appropriate technical literature;
- 4) (**Experimentation**) an ability to conduct standard tests, measurements, and experiments and to analyze and interpret the results to improve processes; and
- 5) (**Teamwork**) an ability to function effectively as a member as well as a leader on technical teams.

A mapping between the ABET ETAC (1) - (5) outcomes and the courses in the BSEET program are presented in Section 2.9. We note that the outcomes are attained and reinforced throughout the curriculum.

2.5 Relationship between PEOs and SOs

The mission and program educational objectives (PEOs) describe the capabilities of the graduates after they have entered their chosen career. The student outcomes (SOs) are used to develop the necessary foundation of knowledge and skills that a graduate will need to accomplish these objectives as they mature in their disciplines. It is the student outcomes that allow graduates to excel at the educational objectives.

Table 3 shows a map of the BSEET student outcomes to the program education objectives. As the table indicates, the student learning outcomes correlate strongly with the education objectives, with each SO mapping to at least one PEO.

Table 3: Mapping	between BSEET SOs	(1)-(5) and PEOs
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Student Outcome	PEO1	PEO ₂	PEO3
(1) Problem Solving	X	X	X
(2) Design	X		
(3) Communication	X	X	X
(4) Experimentation	X	X	X
(5) Teamwork	X	X	

2.6 Process for Establishment and Revision of PEOs and SOs

The PEOs were developed by the program faculty in consultation with the IAB. The BSEET student outcomes were set in accordance to the current ABET criteria (Criterion 3) for accrediting engineering programs. The BSEET SOs include ABET ETAC outcomes (1)-

(5), which are the general outcomes for all baccalaureate engineering technology programs. The PEOs and SOs are periodically reviewed to ensure they stay relevant. The revision process involves different constituents. At the annual EERE Convocation meeting in the

Fall, the EERE faculty have an opportunity to review the PEOs and SOs for each program in light of the results from the assessment activities conducted the previous year (i.e., direct assessments collected in program courses, as well as indirect assessment from senior exit survey), results of graduate surveys provided by Career Services, the input gathered from IAB members and employers during the previous academic year, as well as any changes to the institutional or college mission, or the ABET criteria (if any have occurred). Based on the discussion, the EERE faculty may approve to make no changes to the program SOs or make recommendations for proposed changes. The results are determined by a simple majority vote.

During the academic year, one or two meetings are held with the IAB (typically Fall and Spring). These meetings provide an opportunity for faculty to present program updates, assessment results, etc., as well as gather input from the IAB to inform strategic direction of the program. If changes to the SOs have been proposed by the faculty at the Fall Convocation meeting, these are discussed with the IAB members. The IAB members may approve the changes or propose alternative changes. The results are determined by a simple majority vote.

As part of the assessment cycle, the BSEET program faculty have a Closing-the-Loop meeting. This meeting is typically scheduled in the Fall term, prior to 31 October. At this meeting, the program faculty discuss the results of the assessment activities carried out during the previous academic year and have an opportunity to review the SOs. If any changes to the SOs have been approved by the faculty and the IAB, these are announced at the Closing-the-Loop meeting and included in the annual Assessment Report, which is submitted to the Director of Assessment for the university, and if approved, the new SOs are published on the BSEET program website and submitted for inclusion in the catalog for the following academic year. Table 4 summarizes the process for review of the BSEET program student outcomes.

Table 4: BSEET PEO and SO Review Process

Event	Task
Convocation	EERE faculty review PEOs and SOs in light of assessment data
	and other feedback collected in previous academic year.
	Faculty may propose and approve changes to PEOs or SOs
IAB meeting	If changes to PEOs or SOs have been proposed and approved by
	EERE faculty, they are presented to IAB for consideration and
	approval or revision.
BSEET Closing the	If PEO or SO changes have been approved by EERE faculty
Loop (CTL)	and IAB, they are announced and included in Assessment Report.
meeting	New PEOs or SOs are submitted for update on the website and
	catalog for the following academic year.

2.7 Institutional Assessment

In addition to program-level student outcomes, Oregon Tech has defined and regularly assesses university-wide student outcomes. These are commonly referred to as Institutional Student Learning Outcomes (ISLOs) and are linked to the general education requirements which are common to all majors. A description of the ISLOs can be found at

https://www.oit.edu/academic-excellence/GEAC/essential-studies/ISLO.

2.8 Relationship between programmatic SOs and institutional ISLOs

Oregon Tech's ISLOs support the university's mission. They reflect the common expectations about the knowledge, skills, and abilities that Oregon Tech students will acquire and are reflected in the General Education requirements that lay the foundation upon which the major curricula build. Engaging in these ISLOs will support Oregon Tech graduates in developing the habits of mind and behaviors of professionals and lifelong learners.

institutional student Learning Outcomes: Oregon Tech students will

- (ISLO1) communicate effectively orally and in writing;
- (ISLO2) engage in a process of **inquiry and analysis**;
- (ISLO3) make and defend reasonable ethical judgements;
- (ISLO₄) collaborate effectively in **teams** or groups;
- (ISLO₅) demonstrate **quantitative literacy**;
- (ISLO6) explore **diverse perspectives**.

Each of the BSEET SOs align well with an ISLO, which facilitates the coordination of assessment and continuous improvement efforts at the program and institutional level. Table 5 shows a map of the BSEET student outcomes to the ISLOs. As the table indicates. the student learning outcomes correlate strongly with the ISLOs, with each SO mapping to at least one ISLO. Note that ISLO3 (ethical judgements) does not have a corresponding SO, and will be assessed independently from the SOs using the rubric posted on Oregon Tech's Office of Academic Excellence Ethical Reasoning page: https://www.oit.edu/academic-excellence/GEAC/essential-studies/eslo/ethicalreasoning

Table 5: Mapping between BSEET SOs (1)-(7) and ISLOs

Student Outcome	ISLO1: Communication	ISLO2: Inquiry and Analysis	ISLO3: Ethical Judgements	ISLO4: Teamwork	ISLO5: Quantitative Literacy	ISLO6: Diverse perspectives
(1) Problem Solving		X				
(1) Problem Solving (2) Design		X				X
(2) Design (3) Communication	X	X				X
(2) Design	X	X			X	X

2.9 Mapping of BSEET Curriculum to SOs and ISLOs

Table 6 shows the mapping of the BSEET curriculum to the student outcomes (SOs) (1)-(7), as well as the six institutional ISLOs. For each course, the table indicates whether the outcome is covered at the foundational (F), practice (P), or capstone (C) level. In the case of electives, the student outcomes covered are dependent on the specific elective course selected by the student. They have been marked with X.

Table 6: Mapping between BSEET courses and student outcomes

BSEET Student Outcomes (SOs)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
ISLOs	ISLO2	ISLO6	ISLO1	ISLO5	ISLO4	ISLO3
BSEET (Curricu	lum				
Communication						
SPE 111: Public Speaking			F		F	
SPE 321: Small Group & Team Comm.			P		P	
WRI 121: English Composition			F			
WRI 227: Technical Report Writing	F		P			
WRI 3xx/4xx: Adv. Writing Elective	P		С	F	F	
Math/Science						

Table 6: Mapping between BSEET courses and student outcomes

BSEET Student Outcomes (SOs)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
ISLOs	ISLO2	ISLO6	ISLO1	ISLO5	ISLO4	ISLO3
MATH 111: College Algebra	F					
MATH 112: Trigonometry	F					
MATH 251: Differential Calculus	P					
MATH 252: Integral Calculus	P					
MATH 254: Vector Calculus I	P					
MATH 321: Applied Differential Eq. I	P					
MATH 361: Statistical Methods 1	P					
PHY 221: General Physics w/ Calculus	F			F	F	
PHY 222: General Physics w/ Calculus	P			F	F	
PHY 223: General Physics w/ Calculus	С			F	F	
Programming						
CST 116: C++ Programming I	F					
ENGR 267: Engineering Programming	P					
Electrical and Electronics Engineering						
EET Electives (varies)	X	X	X	X	X	X
EE 219 Intro to Semic. Dev. and Amplifiers	F					
EE 131: Digital Electronics I	F	F		F	F	
EE 133: Digital Electronics II	F	P		F	F	
EE 121: Fund. of Electric Circuits I	F		F	F	F	
EE 123: Fund of Electric Circuits II	F		F	F	F	
EE 320: Adv. Circuits and Systems Analysis	P	F	P	P	P	
EE 321: Electronics I	P	F	P	P	P	
EE 323: Electronics II	P	P	P	P	P	
EE 325: Electronics III	С	С	С	С	P	
EE 331: Digital Sys. Design w/ HDL	P			F		
EE 333: Microcontroller Engineering	P	P		P	P	P
EE 335: Adv. Microcontroller Eng.	С	С	P	С	С	P

Table 6: Mapping between BSEET courses and student outcomes

BSEET Student Outcomes (SOs)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
ISLOs	ISLO2	ISLO6	ISLO1	ISLO5	ISLO4	ISLO3
EE 341: Elec. and Mag. w/ Trans. Lines	P			P		
EE 432: Advanced Digital System Design	C	C	P	P	P	
EE 401: Communication Systems	С			P		
EE430: Linear Systems & DSP	С	F				
Engineering Electives (varies)	X	X	X	X	X	X
ENGR465: Capstone Project	C	C	C	C	C	C
Business and General Education						
MGT 345: Engineering Economy		F				P
Humanities Electives (varies)	X	X	X	X	X	X
Social Science Electives (varies)	X	X	X	X	X	X

3 Cycle of Assessment of Student Outcomes

3.1 Introduction, Methodology, and the Assessment Plan

Direct assessment of the student outcomes (SOs) of the BSEET program is performed each year according to the assessment plan presented in Table 7. SOs (1) - (5), which correspond to all Institutional Student Learning Outcomes (ISLOs) except for ISLO3, are typically assessed each year in ENGR 465 - Capstone Project, or 3xx-level courses in electronics and circuits. The capstone project is a year-long (three-term) project that students complete in their senior year, which involves a major design experience. Throughout the year, students are required to complete the definition, design, implementation, and verification of a major engineering design project. During the initial stage, students work under the supervision of their capstone project advisor to select a project of adequate scope, and submit a project proposal. The proposal typically includes an explanation of the project relevance, a project definition or specification, a timeline with major milestones, a list of resources needed to complete the project, and a projected cost analysis. Once the proposal is approved by the academic advisor, students go through the different phases of design, implementation, and verification of their project. During this time, students have regular meetings with their project advisor in order to report progress, notify of plan changes if needed, present results, and perform prototype demonstrations. Once the design, implementation, and verification process is completed, and there is a final working prototype, students are required to generate a poster for inclusion in the annual Student Project Symposium, deliver an oral presentation, and submit a formal written report. Outcome (5) is assessed in ENGR 465 - Capstone Project when applicable, as not all capstone projects are team based. Consequently, this outcome may also be assessed in EE 335 - Advanced Microcontrollers using a team project that target this particular outcome.

Since ISLO3 Ethical Reasoning does not map directly with one of the BSEET student outcomes (SOs), this outcome will be assessed separately, according to the three-year schedule provided by the Executive Assessment Committee. The current and upcoming years for assessing ISLO3 are AY2021-22 and AY 2024-25, respectively. ISLO3 will be directly assessed in ENGR 465 Capstone Project using an essay assignment.

A systematic, rubric-based process is then used to assess the level of attainment of a given program outcome, based on a set of performance criteria. The work produced by each student is evaluated according to the different performance criteria, and assigned a level of 1-developing, 2-accomplished, or 3-exemplary. The results for each outcome are then summarized in a table and reviewed by the faculty at the annual closing-the-loop meeting.

In addition to the direct assessment described above, **indirect assessment** of the student outcomes is performed on an annual basis through a senior exit survey.

The results of the direct and indirect assessment are reviewed by the faculty at the annual closing the-loop meeting, which takes place at the beginning of Fall term in the following academic year. The standard acceptable performance level is to have at least 80% of the students obtain a level of accomplished or exemplary in each of the performance criteria for any given program outcome. It has been accepted in past closing-the-loop meetings that faculty can set a different threshold if required by the type of assignment or outcome but must do so prior to the assessment.

If any of the direct assessment methods indicates performance below the established level, that triggers the process of continuous improvement where all the direct and indirect assessment measures associated with that outcome are evaluated by the faculty, and based

Table 7: BSEET Outcome Assessment Plan for SOs (1) – (5) and ISLOs 1 - 6

Outcome	Course	Assignment type	Assessment frequency
(1) Problem solving	ENGR 465/EE 325 ^a	Project	Yearly
ISLO2 Inquiry and analysis			
(2) Design	ENGR 465/EE 325	Project	Yearly
ISLO6 Diverse perspectives			
(3) Communication	ENGR 465/EE 325	Project	Yearly
ISLO1 Communication	1:0, 0.0	- J	,
(4) Experimentation	ENGR 465 /EE 325	Project	Yearly
ISLO ₅ Quantitative Literacy	221011 400 / 222 020	Troject	Toury
(5) Teamwork	ENGR 465/EE 325	Capstone/Team project	Yearly
ISLO4 Teamwork	ENGK 405/EE 325	Capstone/ Team project	rearry
·		_	_
ISLO ₃ Ethical Reasoning	ENGR 465	Case study essay	3-year ISLO cycle ^b

^aOther EE 3xx courses can also be used. ^bThree year ISLO cycle as scheduled by the Executive Assessment Committee. The past and upcoming years for assessing ISLO3 are AY2021-22 and AY 2024-25, respectively (see Table 8).

on the evidence, the faculty decides the adequate course of action. The possible courses of action are these:

- Collect more data (if there is insufficient data to reach a conclusion as to whether the outcome is being attained or not).
- Make changes to the assessment methodology (if the faculty believe that missing the
 performance target on a specific outcome may be a result of the way the assessment
 is being conducted, and a more proper assessment methodology may lead to more
 accurate numbers).
- Implement changes to the curriculum (if the faculty conclude that a curriculum change is needed to improve attainment of a particular outcome). A curriculum change will be the course of action taken when the performance on a given outcome is below the target level, and the evidence indicates that there is sufficient data and an adequate assessment methodology already in place, and therefore there is no reason to question the results obtained.

Degree completion, retention and equity data are also collected by the university and annually reviewed by the program faculty as part of an initiative to identify and close equity gaps. This is done using the university's dashboards, which track the 6-year graduation rates as well as the 1-year retention rates and sort this data along different demographic categories such as gender, race and socio-economic status. At the closing-the-loop meeting, program faculty review the equity data for their program to identify trends or equity gaps. Potential ways to address these are discussed and appropriate action plans are developed as needed. The results of the direct and indirect assessment, as well as the

conclusions of the faculty discussion at the closing-the-loop meeting are included in the annual BSEE assessment report, which is reviewed by the department chair and submitted to the Office of Academic Excellence for review by the Executive Assessment Committee. If action plans include suggested changes to the curriculum, these are presented and discussed with all the department faculty, as well as with the Industry Advisory Board. If approved, these changes are submitted to the Curriculum Planning Commission and updated in the catalog for the following academic year.

The results of the direct and indirect assessment, as well as the conclusions of the faculty discussion at the **closing-the-loop meeting** are included in the annual **BSEET assessment report**, which is reviewed by the department chair and the director of assessment for the university. The suggested changes to the curriculum are presented and discussed with all the department faculty, as well as with the Industry Advisory Board. If approved, these changes are submitted to the Curriculum Planning Commission and updated in the catalog for the following academic year.

3.2 ISLO Assessment Cycle

Table 8 shows the assessment cycle for the institutional ISLOs. Institutional assessment was previously conducted separately from program assessment, with the programs submitting their raw assessment data to the Office of Academic Excellence, and the Executive Assessment Commission scoring the data and generating an institutional assessment report with the data from all programs. To streamline the process and increase synergy between institutional and program-level assessment, the Office of Academic Excellence asked pro- grams to start conducting the ISLO assessment for their programs and include institutional ISLO assessment results directly in their programmatic assessment reports.

As discussed previously, each of the BSEET SOs align well with an ISLO (see Table 5). This allows ISLO assessment to be coordinated with SO assessment to facilitate coordination and streamline the assessment process. The only exception to this one-to-one correspondence is ISLO3 (ethical judgements), which does not have a corresponding SO, and is assessed independently from the SOs. Per Table 8, the institutional level ISLO outcomes assessed and reported to the Executive Assessment Committee for AY2021-22 include: (ISLO1) Communication, (ISLO3) Ethics, and (ISLO5) Teamwork.

Table 8: Institutional ISLO Three Year Assessment Cycle.

Student Outcome	0000 00	0000 04	0004.05
Student Outcome	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
ISLO1: Communication			X
ISLO2: Inquiry and Analysis		X	
ISLO3: Ethics			X
ISLO4: Teamwork			X
ISLO ₅ : Quantitative Literacy		X	
ISLO6: Diverse Perspectives	X		

4 Assessment Data

4.1 Direct Assessment

Table 9 summarizes the performance of students for each of the assessed student outcomes (SOs) and their corresponding ISLOs, and reports the number of students performing at a 1-developing, 2-accomplished, and 3-exemplary level for each performance criteria. The assessment was performed in EE 320 Advanced Circuit Systems & Analysis. The table also indicates the course instructors who performed the assessments. The rubrics used in this assessment are presented in Appendix A.

4.2 Indirect Assessment

In addition to direct assessment measures, the student outcomes (1) - (5) are indirectly assessed through a senior exit survey each year. A total of one BSEET graduating senior completed the AY 2022-2023 survey (N=1). Due to the extremely small sample size, the resulting data was considered to not have statistical significance, and therefore is not included in this report.

Table 9: Summary of BSEET direct assessment for SOs (1) - (5) and their corresponding ISLOs for AY2021-22.

	1-Developing	2-Accomplished	3-Exemplary
(1) Problem solving			
ISLO2 Inquiry & Analysis			
Scher, EE 320 (N=3)			
1 - Apply mathematics	0	2	1
2 - Apply science, engineering, tech	0	2	1
2 - Apply modern tools	0	2	1
(2) Design			
ISLO6 Diverse perspectives			
Scher, EE 320 (N=3)			
1 - Define	0	1	2
2 - Design and implement	0	1	2
3 - Characterize and evaluate	1	1	2
(3) Communication -			
ISLO ₁ Communication			
Scher, EE 320 (N=3)			
1 - Written	0	2	1
2 - Oral	0	2	1
3 - Graphical	0	1	2
4 - Technical literature	0	2	1
5 – Audience	0	2	1
(4) Experimentation -			
ISLO ₅ Quantitative Literacy			
Scher, EE 320 (N=3)			
1 - Conduct experiments	0	2	1
2 - Analyze and interpret	1	1	1
3 - Apply to improve processes	1	1	1
(5) Teamwork -			
ISLO4 Teamwork			
Scher, EE 320 (not assessed)			
1 - Participation	0	0	0
2 - Communication	0	0	0
3 - Decision making	0	0	0
4 - Management	0	0	0

4.3 Degree Completion, Retention and Equity Data

The university has recently started tracking equity data as part of an initiative to identify and close equity gaps. To this end, the university has developed several dashboards that allow to track the 6-year graduation rates as well as the 1-year retention dates, and to sort this data along different demographic categories such as gender, race and socio-economic status.

Figure 1 shows the 6-year degree completion rates for students starting their degree in Fall 2012 through Fall 2016. Figure 2 shows the 4th term retention rates for students starting at Oregon Tech in Fall 2017 through Fall 2021. The 4th term retention rate represents the proportion of students who were still enrolled at Oregon Tech four terms after their start term (excluding Summer term). Both sets of data are presented for three student populations: (1) BSEET students, (2) College of ETM students, and (3) all Oregon Tech students. By overlapping these three populations, we can identify whether there are trends that pertain specifically to BSEET students, or whether they follow the overall college or university trend.

Due to the low enrollment (small sample size) it is difficult to extract meaningful information with respect to how the BSEET trends compare with those of the College of ETM and Oregon Tech. For example, Figure 2 shows a BSEET 4th-term retention rate for 2017 of 100%. While a 100% retention rate certainly looks impressive, the BSEET headcount in the 1st term (Fall) of 2017 was only 2 students.

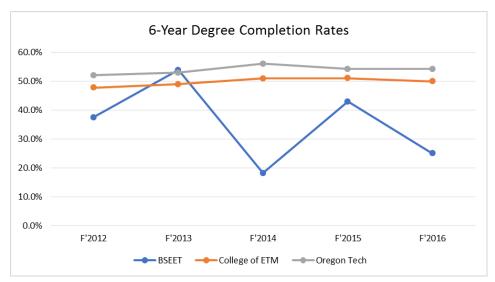


Figure 1: 6-year completion rates for students who started at Oregon Tech in Fall 2012 through Fall 2016.

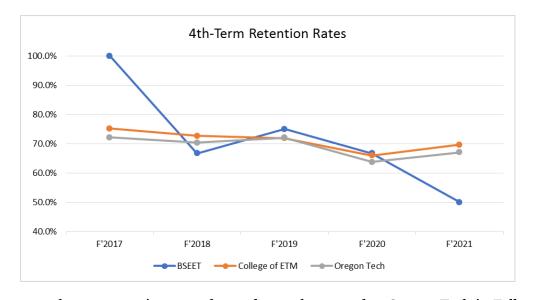


Figure 2: 4th term retention rates for students who started at Oregon Tech in Fall 2017

through Fall 2021.

Figure 3 shows the 6-year degree completion rate by equity group. From the current dashboards, it was difficult to extract meaningful information regarding equity in the degree completion and retention rates. The main problem is the low student enrollment. There are no Hispanic graduates. There were some Hispanic students who enrolled (only 4), but none graduated within 6 years. The 0% degree completion rate is not necessarily due to a race equity gap, but rather there are too few students in that category to get meaningful data. Due to the overall low enrollment in the BSEET program, there is no sufficient data to support a conclusion that there are equity gaps with the data we have at present. This is something we will continue to monitor.

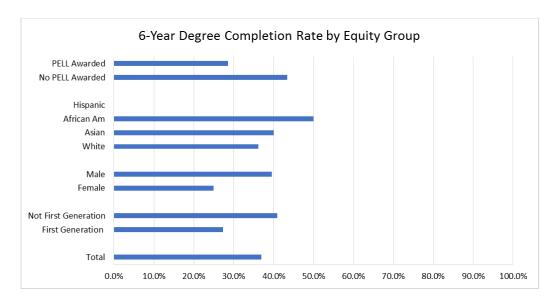


Figure 3: 6-year degree completion rates by equity group for students who started at Oregon Tech in Fall 2012 through Fall 2016.

5 Continuous Improvement

The BSEET Closing-the-Loop meeting was held in October 2023 to review the assessment results. A summary of the discussions and action plans based on assessment results are presented in the following sections. The Closing-the-Loop meeting provides faculty a chance to discuss assessment data and trends with regards to continuous improvement.

5.1 Summary of Assessment Results

Figure 4 presents a summary of all assessment results collected between AY 2020-21 to the present AY2022-23. The table shows the percentage of students scoring 2 (accomplished) or 3 (exemplary) in each performance criteria. These results combine the total number of students assessed within the year from all campus locations.

The objective set by the BSEET faculty is to have at least 80% of the students perform at the level of accomplished or exemplary in all performance criteria of the assessed outcomes. Because of the low sample size, combining data collected over a number of years provides a

more accurate view and better allows for historical perspective, general, inferences and conclusions. The objective set by the EERE department is to have at least 80% of the students perform at the level of accomplished or exemplary in all performance criteria. On the far right column, we present the percentage of the total collected data which attained at least 80%.

													Percentage
	20	20-	21	20	21-	22	20)22-	23	1	Tota	<u> </u>	of A & E
OUTCOME	D	Α	E	D	Α	Ε	D	Α	E	D	Α	Ε	
(1) Problem solving													
ISLO2 Inquiry & Analysis													
1. Math	1	2	0	0	3	1	0	2	1	1	7	2	90%
2. Science/engr/tech	1	1	1	0	3	1	0	2	1	1	6	3	90%
3. Modern tools	1	0	2	0	3	1	0	2	1	1	5	4	90%
(2) Design													
ISLO6 Diverse perspectives													
1. Define	1	0	2	0	3	1	0	1	2	1	4	5	90%
2. Design/implement	1	1	1	0	3	1	0	1	2	1	5	4	90%
3. Charact./evaluate	1	1	1	0	3	1	1	1	2	2	5	4	82%
(3) Communicaiton													
ISLO1 Communication													
1. Written	2	0	1	0	2	2	0	2	1	2	4	4	80%
2. Oral	2	0	1	0	3	1	0	2	1	2	5	3	80%
3. Graphical	2	0	1	0	2	2	0	1	2	2	3	5	80%
4. Tech. Literature	1	1	1	0	3	1	0	2	1	1	6	3	90%
5. Audience	2	0	1	0	3	1	0	2	1	2	5	3	80%
(4) Experimentation													
ISLO5 Quantitative Literacy													
1. Conduct	1	1	1	0	4	0	0	2	1	1	7	2	90%
2. Analyze/interpret	1	1	1	0	4	0	1	1	1	2	6	2	80%
3. Improve process	1	1	1	0	4	0	1	1	1	2	6	2	80%
(5) Teamwork													
ISLO4 Teamwork													
1. Participation	3	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	3	3	3	67%
2. Communication	1	4	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	5	3	89%
3. Decision making	3	2	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	4	2	67%
4. Management	3	3	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	5	1	67%

Legend: D = Developing

A = Accomplished

E = Exemplary

Figure 4: Summary of assessment results from AY 2021-22 to present.

5.2 Evaluation of Results and Proposed Changes

Below is a summary of the discussion and recommendations made by the BSEE faculty based on the evaluation of the assessment results:

1. Outcome (1) Problem Solving

Outcome assessed in EE 320.

The assessments suggest that the outcome was met (see far right column in Figure 4. This is based on three years of assessment from AY2020-21 to AY2022-23 with a total sample size of nine (N = 9).

Review of Implementation of Changes from Prior Assessments No recent programmatic or methodological changes have been recommended with respect to this outcome.

Action Plan: We will continue to re-assess yearly to build up a larger sample size and examine trends over time.

Person in Charge: Naga Korivi

2. Outcome (2) Design

Outcome assessed in EE 320.

The assessments suggest that the outcome was met (see far right column in Figure 4. This is based on three years of assessment from AY2020-21 to AY2022-23 with a total sample size of nine (N = 9).

Review of Implementation of Changes from Prior Assessments No recent programmatic or methodological changes have been recommended with respect to this outcome.

Action Plan: We will continue to re-assess yearly to build up a larger sample size and examine trends over time.

Person in Charge: Naga Korivi

3. Outcome (3) Communication

Outcome assessed in EE 320.

The assessments suggest that the outcome was met (see far right column in Figure 4. This is based on three years of assessment from AY2020-21 to AY2022-23 with a total sample size of nine (N = 9).

Review of Implementation of Changes from Prior Assessments No recent programmatic or methodological changes have been recommended with respect to this outcome.

Action Plan: We will continue to re-assess yearly to build up a larger sample size and examine trends over time.

Person in Charge: Naga Korivi

4. Outcome (4) Experimentation

Outcome was assessed in EE 320.

Direct assessments suggest outcome was met (see far right column in Figure 4). Note that this is based on three years of assessment from AY2020-21 to AY2022-23 with a total sample size N = 9.

Review of Implementation of Changes from Prior Assessments No recent programmatic or methodological changes have been recommended with respect to this outcome.

Action Plan: We will continue to re-assess yearly to build up a larger sample size and examine trends over time.

Person in Charge: Naga Korivi

5. Outcome (5) Teamwork

Outcome was not assessed in EE 320. Due to low enrollment, teams were not formed. Direct assessment indicates outcome is below 80% attainment threshold for some performance criteria. Specifically, three of the four performance criterion are below the threshold each with scores of 67% (see far right column in Figure 4). This is based on three years of assessment from AY2020-21 to AY2022-23 with a total sample size of nine (N = 9). Examining Figure 4, we see that the academic year with lowest performance coincides with AY2020-21 which corresponds to the COVID-19 pandemic and all-remote classes due to campus closure. Due to the low total enrollment, it is likely that this particular year's data is skewing the overall assessment.

Action Plan:

- We will continue to re-assess yearly to build up a larger sample size and examine trends over time.
- We will continue to emphasize skills needed for successful remote and in-person team-work and collaboration in courses with team projects, especially EE 325 Electronics II and ENGR 465 Capstone.

People in Charge, Deadline: Naga Korivi, Cristina Crespo

6. Program Enrollment and Graduation Data

Data from Table 1 reflects a small increase in enrollment, while Table 2 shows that graduation data held steady. It is noted that virtually 100% of BSEET students at PM campus are transfers from local community colleges, and enrollment in those colleges has been down overall. Enrollment is typically affected by fluctuations in the economic cycle, with enrollment periodically decreasing during strong job market cycles.

Action Plan: Continue to monitor enrollment data and collaborate with Admissions on recruiting and registration events.

Person in Charge: Naga Korivi

7. Key results from Senior Exit Survey

Data from Senior Exit Survey was not considered due to very low sample size.

8. Degree Completion and Retention Data

Degree completion and retention data are presented in Figure 1 and Figure 2. As discussed previously, due to the low enrollment (small sample size) it is difficult to extract meaningful information with respect to how the BSEET trends compare with those of the College of ETM and Oregon Tech. For example, Figure 2 shows a BSEET 4th-term retention rate for 2017 of 100%. While a 100% retention rate certainly looks impressive, the BSEET headcount in the 1st term (Fall) of 2017 was only 2 students.

9. Equity Data

Due to the overall low enrollment in the BSEET program, there is not enough data to support a conclusion that there are equity gaps with the data we have at present.

Action Plan: We will continue to monitor this. **Person in Charge, Deadline:** Naga Korivi.

10. Other Program Changes

In AY2021-22, based on faculty input and consultation with the IAB, the EERE department decided to update the content of the ENGR 267 course. The previous version of the course covered Matlab and LabView, the updated version effective AY2022-23 covered Matlab and Python. This change was made to ensure the program kept up with current industry needs and trends.

A Rubrics for direct assessment

The following rubrics are used by the program faculty for direct assessment of student outcomes. To promote consistency and reliability of assessment results, all faculty assessing a particular outcome use the same rubric.

ETAC RUBRIC: OUTCOME 1 – APPLICATION

Outcome (1): an ability to apply knowledge, techniques, skills and modern tools of mathematics, science, engineering, and technology to solve broadly-defined* engineering problems appropriate to the discipline.

Criteria	1-DEVELOPING	2-ACCOMPLISHED	3-EXEMPLARY	SCORE
AN ABILITY TO APPLY MATHEMATICS TO BROADLY-DEFINED ENGINEERING PROBLEMS AN ABILITY TO APPLY SCIENCE, ENGINEERING, AND TECHNOLOGY TO BROADLY- DEFINED ENGINEERING	Inadequate ability to apply mathematic principles from algebra, trigonometry, calculus, differential equations, and/or statistics to the solution of engineering broadly-defined problems appropriate to electronics technology. Inadequate ability to apply science, engineering, and technology principles to the solution of engineering problems broadly-defined appropriate to electronics technology.	Adequate ability to apply mathematic principles from algebra, trigonometry, calculus, differential equations, and/or statistics to the solution of engineering broadly-defined problems appropriate to electronics technology. Adequate ability to apply science, engineering, and technology principles to the solution of engineering broadly-defined problems appropriate to electronics technology.	Exceptional ability to apply mathematic principles from algebra, trigonometry, calculus, differential equations, and/or statistics to the solution of broadly-defined engineering problems appropriate to electronics technology. Exceptional ability to apply science, engineering, and technology principles to the solution of broadly-defined engineering problems appropriate to electronics technology.	
PROBLEMS AN ABILITY TO APPLY MODERN TOOLS TO BROADLY-DEFINED ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY PROBLEMS	Inadequate ability to apply modern tools such as circuit layout and simulation CAD tools and/or standard electronic test equipment for test and validation to the solution of broadly-defined engineering problems.	Adequate ability to apply modern tools such as circuit layout and simulation CAD tools and/or standard electronic test equipment for test and validation to the solution of broadly-defined engineering problems.	Exceptional ability to apply modern tools such as circuit layout and simulation CAD tools and/or standard electronic test equipment for test and validation to the solution of broadly-defined engineering problems.	

^{*}As defined by ABET, broadly-defined activities or problems are practical, broad in scope, relatively complex, and involve a variety of resources; use new processes, materials, or techniques in innovative ways; and may require extension of standard operating procedures.

Outcome (2): an ability to design systems, components, or processes meeting specified needs for broadly-defined* engineering problems appropriate to the discipline.

Criteria	1-Developing	2-ACCOMPLISHED	3-EXEMPLARY	Score
AN ABILITY TO DEFINE AND CONTEXTUALIZE THE PROJECT	Demonstrates inadequate ability to define the project. Does not properly identify the problem to be solved, its relevance and context. Weak problem definition. Criteria are vague, subjective, or not relevant. Specifications and constraints are insufficient or unclear.	Demonstrates adequate ability to define the project. Properly identifies the problem to be solved, its relevance and context. Problem is adequately defined in engineering terms. Appropriate objective criteria are used. Specifications and constraints are clear and sufficient.	Demonstrates exceptional ability to define the project. Clearly identifies problem to be solved, and explains its relevance and context thoroughly and effectively. Problem is clearly defined in engineering terms. Criteria are objective, relevant and adequately prioritized based on context. Specifications and constraints are clear and allow to thoroughly evaluate the effectiveness of the proposed solution in solving the problem.	
AN ABILITY TO DESIGN AND IMPLEMENT ENGINEERING SYSTEMS, COMPONENTS, OR PROCESSES	Demonstrates inadequate ability for engineering design: • Selects preliminary design based on criteria that are not well aligned with design specifications and constraints. • Describes design solution without articulated scientific or engineering principles. • Does not use iterative modifications in a systematic way to improve design. • Rudimentary use of engineering tools and methods in the design process.	Demonstrates adequate ability for engineering design: Provides subjective justification for preliminary design which aligns with design specifications and constraints. Describes design solution using scientific or engineering concepts and principles. Uses iterative modifications in a systematic way to improve design. Uses engineering tools and methods effectively in the design process. Design meets most or all specs/constraints.	Demonstrates exceptional ability for engineering design: Provides objective justification for preliminary design which aligns with design specifications and constraints. Describes design solution using scientific or engineering concepts and principles with great precision. Uses iterative modifications in a systematic and effective way to improve design. Shows mastery of engineering tools and methods in the design process. Design meets or exceeds all	
AN ABILITY TO CHARACTERIZE AND EVALUATE DESIGN SOLUTIONS	Design meets some but not all specs/constraints. Demonstrates inadequate ability to evaluate the performance of the design solution. Limited design characterization. Insufficient discussion of design tradeoffs/limitations. No or vague suggestions for further improvement.	Demonstrates adequate ability to evaluate the performance of the design solution. Adequate design characterization. Sufficient discussion of design tradeoffs/limitations. Reasonable suggestions for further improvement provided at a high level of generality.	specs/constraints. Demonstrates exceptional ability to evaluate the performance of the design solution. Thorough design characterization. Detailed discussion of design tradeoffs/limitations. Good specific and detailed suggestions provided for further improvement of design.	

^{*} As defined by ABET, broadly defined activities or problems are practical, broad in scope, relatively complex, and involve a variety of resources; use new processes, materials, or techniques in innovative ways; and may require extension of standard operating procedures.

Outcome (3) – an ability to apply written, oral, and graphical communication in broadly-defined* technical and non-technical environments; and ability to identify and use appropriate technical literature.

Criteria	1-DEVELOPING	2-ACCOMPLISHED	3-EXEMPLARY	SCORE
AN ABILITY TO APPLY WRITTEN COMMUNICATION	Presentation and format rough or inconsistent throughout the document. Content is disorganized. Ideas are not clearly presented. Frequent grammar/spelling errors, writing style is rough or imprecise.	Presentation and format is adequate and consistent throughout the document. Content is well organized and ideas are clearly presented. Grammar/spelling mostly correct, readable style.	Work is professionally presented and very well formatted. Content is very well organized and easy to follow. Ideas are clearly presented. All grammar/spelling correct, very well written.	
AN ABILITY TO APPLY ORAL COMMUNICATION	Low volume or monotonous tone makes it hard for audience to engage. Speaker mispronounces important terms. Speaker does not transmit any interest or enthusiasm about the topic. Presentation length not appropriate.	Speaker talks in a firm, clear, expressive voice. Adequate volume and dynamic tone engage audience. Speaker pronounces important terms correctly. Speaker occasionally transmits interest and enthusiasm about the topic. Adequate presentation length.	Speaker is an excellent communicator. Speaker is eloquent and dynamic, talks in a loud, clear voice, does not mispronounce important terms. Speaker displays and transmits a strong interest and enthusiasm for the topic. Adequate presentation length.	
AN ABILITY TO APPLY GRAPHICAL COMMUNICATION	Inadequate use of figures, charts, and tables to display data. Many figures, charts, and tables missing key formatting elements, such as titles, labels, units, captions, etc. Figures are not well placed, scales are not fitted to the dataset, titles/captions are incorrect or missing.	Adequate use of figures, charts, and tables to display data. A few figures, charts, and tables missing key formatting elements, such as titles, labels, units, captions, etc. Figures are well placed, scales are fitted to the dataset. Some titles/captions may be too general or unclear.	Excellent use of figures, charts, and tables to display data. All figures, charts, and tables properly labeled and formatted, easy to read and interpret, with proper titles and captions. In some instances, results offer additional information above that required.	
AN ABILITY TO IDENTIFY AND USE APPROPRIATE TECHNICAL LITERATURE	Performs an inadequate review of published material and literature to place work in context. Obvious omissions in literature search. Does not use proper format citation for references. Does not give proper credit to authors and researchers. May show instances of plagiarism. Sources are of low quality.	Performs a satisfactory review of published material and literature to place work in context. Mostly uses proper format citation for all references. Source documentation gives proper credit to authors and researchers - no instances of plagiarism. Sources are of satisfactory quality.	Performs a systematic and thorough review of published material and literature to determine what is already known, what has already been done, and to learn about the skills, techniques, and any instrumentation that are needed to accomplish project objectives. Literature review fully demonstrates understanding of topic, and places work in context. Uses proper format citation for all references. Source documentation gives proper credit to authors and researchers - no instances of plagiarism. Sources are of high quality and exceed those found in a simple web search.	

ABET ETAC RUBRIC: OUTCOME 4 – EXPERIMENTATION

Criteria	1-DEVELOPING	2-ACCOMPLISHED	3-EXEMPLARY	Score
AN ABILITY TO CONDUCT EXPERIMENTS	Demonstrates inadequate knowledge and abilities for conducting experiments with standard equipment to collect experimental data. May not obverse lab safety and procedures.	Demonstrates adequate knowledge and abilities for conducting experiments. Able to use standard equipment to collect experimental data. May require supervision and steering in the right direction. Overall, observes lab safety plan and procedures.	Demonstrates comprehensive knowledge, exceptional abilities, and resourcefulness for conducting experiments. Selects appropriate equipment/measuring devices and methodology for conducting experiments. Demonstrates an ability to predict and overcome difficulties associated with data collection. Arrives well-prepared to conduct experiments. Observes established lab safety plan and procedures. Proposes improvements as necessary.	
AN ABILITY TO ANALYZE AND INTERPRET EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS	Demonstrates inadequate knowledge and abilities for analyzing and interpreting experimental results. Reporting methods are unsatisfactory.	Demonstrates adequate abilities for experimental data analysis, interpretation, and visualization. Able to draw some reasonable conclusions based on experimental results. Demonstrates an awareness for measurement error. Reporting methods are satisfactorily organized, logical, and complete.	Demonstrates exceptional ability for experimental data analysis, interpretation, and visualization. Able to draw insightful conclusions based on experimental results. Analyzes and interprets data using appropriate theory, accounts for measurement error into analysis and interpretation, reporting methods are well-organized, logical, and complete.	
AN ABILITY TO APPLY EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS TO IMPROVE PROCESSES.	Demonstrates inadequate knowledge and abilities for applying quantitative experimental results for decision making.	Demonstrates adequate abilities for applying experimental results to adjust a process (or propose adjustments to a process) to optimize some specified set of parameters without violating some constraint. This may include demonstrating an adequate ability to learn from and apply quantitative experimental results for decision making.	Demonstrates exceptional ability to apply experimental results to adjust a process (or propose adjustments to a process) to optimize some specified set of parameters without violating some constraint. Independently seeks additional reference material and properly references sources to substantiate analysis, learns from mistakes, errors, and wrong assumptions and formulates innovative and resourceful solutions. Demonstrates exceptional ability to learn from and apply quantitative experimental results for decision making.	

ABET ETAC RUBRIC: OUTCOME 5 – TEAMWORK

Criteria	1-DEVELOPING	2-ACCOMPLISHED	3-EXEMPLARY	SCORE
TEAM PARTICIPATION	Is sometimes absent from group meetings. Routinely comes unprepared for meetings. Rarely shares credit for success with others and accountability for team results	Rarely absent without inconveniencing the group. Contributes a fair share to the project workload. Prepares somewhat for group meetings. Occasionally shares credit for success with others and accountability for team results.	Routinely present at team meetings or work sessions Exceeds expectations in work contribution. Is prepared for the group meeting with clearly formulated ideas. Shares credit for success with others and accountability for team results.	
TEAM COMMUNICATION	Rarely uses respectful language or shows cooperative communication skills. Does not demonstrate ability and willingness to communicate with the rest of the group members regarding status updates, results, ideas.	Generally uses respectful language and shows cooperative communication skills. Demonstrates adequate ability and willingness to communicate with the rest of the group members regarding status updates, results, ideas, as well as providing some constructive critique of others' ideas and proposals.	Uses respectful language and shows advanced cooperative communication skills. Demonstrates exceptional ability and willingness to communicate with the rest of the group members regarding status updates, results, ideas, as well as providing constructive critique of others' ideas and proposals.	
TEAM DECISION MAKING	Rarely contributes to promoting group dialog. Not effective at facilitating group decisions.	Occassionally contributes to promoting group dialog. Occasionally uses conflict resolution skills.	Regularly contributes to promoting group dialog. Uses conflict resolution skills effectively. Involves all members in decision making and incorporates divergent ideas.	
TEAM MANAGEMENT	Rarely uses processes and tools for organizing and coordinating the team while working towards a common goal. Provides inadequate management of meetings with regards to time, discussion, etc. Does not provide a clear definition of tasks to be accomplished.	Adequately uses processes and tools for organizing and coordinating the team while working towards a common goal. Adequate management of meetings with regards to time, discussion, etc. Provides a clear definition of tasks to be accomplished.	Highly effective at using processes and tools for organizing and coordinating the team while working towards a common goal. Manages a meeting well with regards to time, discussions etc. Supports a clear definition of tasks to be accomplished, anticipating future needs.	



Essential Student Learning Outcome Rubric - Ethical Reasoning

ESLO 3 Ethical Reasoning:

Oregon Tech Students will make and defend reasonable ethical judgements.

<u>Definition</u>: Ethical reasoning is the process of recognizing which decisions require ethical judgements, determining potential reasonable courses of action, finding support for potential courses of action, and then selecting the course of action best supported.

Performance Criteria	High Proficiency (4) The work <i>meets listed</i> requirements for this criterion; little to no development needed.	Proficiency (3) The work meets most requirements; minor development would improve the work.	Some Proficiency (2) The work needs moderate development in <i>multiple</i> <i>requirements</i> .	Limited Proficiency (1) The work does not meet this criterion: it needs substantial development in most requirements.
Theory: Student demonstrates knowledge of different ethical theories and codes.	The student demonstrates a developed knowledge of different ethical theories and codes, and provides rationale for their preferred theory or code.	The student demonstrates a developed knowledge of different ethical theories and codes.	The student demonstrates a basic knowledge of different ethical theories or a code. Student understands the difference between ethics and law.	The student exhibits no knowledge of different ethical theories and codes. The student may confuse legal and moral codes.
Recognition: Student can recognize decisions requiring ethical judgments.	The student is able to successfully recognize decisions requiring ethical judgments without prompting, and can clearly explain to others why they require ethical reasoning.	The student is able to successfully recognize decisions requiring ethical judgments without prompting.	The student is able to recognize decisions requiring ethical judgments with prompting.	The student is unable to recognize decisions requiring ethical judgments.
Logic: Student demonstrates knowledge of the logic of ethical reasoning.	The student can formulate and test plausible moral principles* and apply them to a case to derive a course of action.	The student can formulate basic moral principles* and apply them to a case to derive a course of action.	The student can take an existing moral principle* (possibly from a code of ethics) and apply it to a case to derive a course of action.	The student exhibits no knowledge of the logic of ethical reasoning, and/or applies it improperly/inadequately.
Judgment: Student can make and support plausible ethical decisions.	The student is able to apply ethical reasoning to novel situations and provide detailed support for their decisions, as well as refuting other possible decisions.	The student is able to make plausible ethical decisions and support them at a competent level. At this level, the student begins to generalize their reasoning to similar situations.	The student is able to make plausible ethical decisions, but their support may be rudimentary or underdeveloped.	The student does not make or support plausible ethical decisions.